

EIGHTEENTH YEAR, No. 11.

MILWAUKEE, NOVEMBER, 1893.

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## Our Style N Six Roll Feed Mills.

FULLY WARRANTED.

THOROUGHLY RELIABLE.

Solid Iron Frame.
Standard Rolls.
Superior Adjustments.
Noiseless Gears.

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For capacity, quality of work, strength, durability, convenience and all other desirable qualities going to make up the perfect feed mill, it is without an equal.

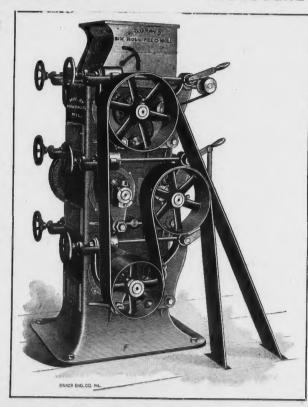
\* \* \*

MADE IN THREE SIZES:

9x14

9x18

9x24



#### IT FILLS THE BILL.

Spring Valley, Minn., ) Oct. 26, 1893.

To the Edward P. Allis Company, Milwaukee, Wis.

Dear Sirs: I have the new style N six roller mill at work, and I just want to say that it comes the nearest to a perfect mill for grinding meal and feed of anything I ever saw. The gears are the quietest running of any I ever saw. In fact they do not make any noise at all. I am more than satisfied.

Yours truly,

T. O. KILBURN.

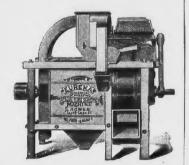
ALSO TWO BREAK FEED MILLS AND A FULL LINE OF GENERAL FLOUR MILL MACHINERY.

COMPLETE FLOUR MILLS BUILT UNDER CONTRACT.

## The Edw. P. Allis Company,

RELIANCE WORKS.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.



### THE EUREKA GRAIN GLEANING MACHINERY

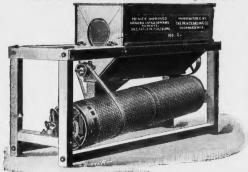
Stands admittedly at the head of all machines built for a similar purpose.

#### And WHY?

BECAUSE correct principles were embodied in them and correctly applying these principles, using the best materials and high grade labor, enabling us to build the best machines, and by fair dealings have built up the largest works of its kind in the World, shipping them to every part of the Globe where wheat is grown, and our annual sales exceed those of all others, and each year showing an increase over the one previous, affords indubitable evidence that the principles upon which the Eureka is built and operates, are in the broadest possible sense correct.

S. HOWES, Sole Builder, SILVER CREEK, N.Y.

Ten Sizes. From 15 to 230 Bushels per hour.



Slow Motion.

Little Power.

Small Space.

#### THEM RECOMMEND AS

VASHBURN, CROSBY CO., Merchant Millers.

Minneapolis, Minn., March 4th, 1893. THE PRINZ & RAU MFG. Co., Milwaukee, Wis.:

In answer to your inquiry regarding the Prinz Cockle Separator would say: We have had 14 of your No. 3 machines in use in Washburn Mill "A" for the past three years, and can fully recommend them as being the best all round cockle separators we have ever used.

Yours Very Truly, JAMES McDANIEL.

ONLY MACHINE IN THE WORLD WHICH INDENTED STEEL CYLINDER

SEND FOR CATALOGUE OF REDUCED PRICES.

THE PRINZ & RAU MFG. CO.,

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

WM. & J. G. GREEY, TORONTO, ONT., Sole Manufacturers in Canada.

### EXPORTING · MILLERS

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## verside . . .



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More copies of this work are in actual use to-day than of all other Flour Cable Codes combined.

PRICE OF SINGLE COPY, \$3.00

A proper discount will be made to parties ordering one dozen or more.

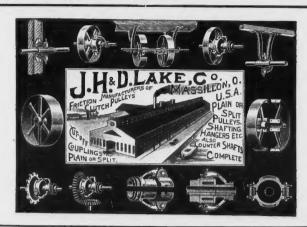


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The general experience of American Millers unites in pronouncing these Rolls the very best for Flouring Mill use

These Rolls are now used in all Leading Flouring Mills.

OHILLED ROLLS FOR PAPER MILLS A SPECIALTY.

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EIGHTEENTH YEAR, No. 11.

#### MILWAUKEE, NOVEMBER, 1893.

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#### RANDOM THOUGHTS. BY WANDERER.

I N order that one make a success of building a new mill or remodeling an old one, he must, above all things, post himself as to various modern milling systems, otherwise he may come to grief most serious-The first and wisest course to pursue is to employ a good miller in whom he can place im-plicit confidence and then ad-here strictly to his advice. If the miller in charge is not to be trusted in this regard it is time to employ one who is worthy of his confidence. I have known a number of contracts to be let during which the miller was scarcely consulted, particularly when it came to render a decision as to whom the contract was to be awarded. It is very true that some representatives of mill-furnishing houses are very unscrupulous and on the alert at all times, to "buy the miller." If a miller is mistrusted by his employer as being implicated in a scheme of that sort it is time that he part with him without further ceremony, because he may depend upon it, that such a man will seek every possible opportunity to prove a traitor against him. A man who will stoop to an imprudent act of "selling out" for a few dollars and take his chances on getting a mill out-fit, with which he can produce good results is positively anything but a good miller, inasmuch as one who is faithful will use his best endeavors toward securing the best that his employer can afford. As a rule there is little enough profit to a mill-builder in a mill job and the chances are, every time, that but a limited amount can be paid to the miller unless the efficiency of the mill is made to suffer.

I had an opportunity, last spring, to be one among a half dozen bidders, on a mill job. It was quite noticeable that a large amount of figuring was engaged in by the mill parties behind the scenes. It was also very apparent that the man en-gaged to take charge of the mill was ignored by them and scarce-ly taken into their confidence.

ed it proved that they had all of men. It is quite natural that the plans that were submitted and were engaged in figuring the average cost of the machinery, with the aid of a price-list, thus displaying a general mistrust in everybody. The miller, in my estimation, was a man well up in his calling and certainly did not impress any one as being inclined in any way toward accepting a fee from any of the "missionaries." It is quite evident, that, after such a proceeding on the employers' part, his interest in their welfare will become somewhat shaken, even though their choice of mill-outfit was also his choice.

A miller who is looked upon by his employers in an approving spirit and is treated as though he held a cash interest in the business, will certainly reward his employers with the very best efforts at his command. He will not only bear their interests in mind while at work, but will "side-track" every thing to give the mill the preference in his thoughts during his leisure moments.

While engaged as a machinery salesman it was often a quandary with me whether to first approach the miller or the men in the office, when visiting a mill. It is quite natural that one should desire to consult the miller at the earliest moment possible in order to get a direct reply from him as to his actual wants. It is a matter of greatregret, however, that there are employers who will look upon that with suspicion, and will mistrust the salesman at once. I remember several occasions when I entered the mill through the office, where no attempt was made toward an introduction to the miller, even though he made his appearance in the office at the time. As a rule there was no lack of courtesy otherwise on their part. On other occasione, when enquiring for the miller, the answer re-ceived was that they preferred not to have any interview brought about for fear that the miller might be induced toward "leading them into unnecessary

the contract was finally award- office directly before the office such an employee will feel himself under restraint and will avoid expressing his wants freely in a case of that kind. My advice to mill-owners is to employ a man who may be tausted at all times as putting forth his best endeavors for their welfare, and then treat him in such a manner that he will feel decidedly at liberty to act for himself.

#### LIABILITIES OF CARRIESS FOR DELAY IN TRANSPORTATION.

CARRIER is liable for damages resulting from delay in transportation where he fails to convey and deliver within the time fixed by his agreement. In the absence of any special contract, the law implies an agreement on the part of a common carrier to transport merchandise within a reasonable time. The actual cause of delay, in the latter case, is open to inquiry and explanation, and, unless the carrier is at fault, he is not liable for the damages which ensue. He is bound to reasonable diligence, and accident or misfortune will excuse him. A common carrier by river navigation, who is unable to proceed to the end of the voyage on account of low water, may unload and store the goods at an intermediate point while the obstruction exists, but he is liable for the expenses and is bound to take care of the goods while they are detained. When a carrier is liable for a negligent delay in transportation and delivery of goods intrusted to him, he is liable for such proximate damages as naturally result from such negligence. Carriers may limit their common law liability by contract, but by the general current of authority not so as to exempt them from the consequences of their own negligence or misconduct, or that of their agents or servants. In New York, West Virginia, and, to some extent, in Illinois, con-tracts limiting the liability of carriers for negligence or misconduct of servants or agents, are held valid and effectual. In New York it has been held that Matters were greatly delayed, expense." Again, sometimes, when general words in the conmuch to the disgust of the various representatives and after all conversation carried on in the ling its liability, may operate the value of the ordinary use of

without including the negligence of the carrier, or his servants, it will not be presumed that they were intended to include it; every presumption is against such an intention, and the contract will not be construed as exempting from liability for negligence, unless it is expressed in unequivocal terms. When, by a contract of shipment, a carrier in consideration of a reduced rate, was released for any damage or injury from whatsoevercause arising, it was held that the exemption did not include a loss arising from the carrier's negligence. Where cattle were delivered to a railroad company for immediate shipment, but a written contract was exacted two days afterwards, in an action for damages for unreasonable delay, it was held that the contract would be the measure of the obligations of the parties from the time it was made, but that it could not merge any liability the company might have incurred previously, there being nothing in its terms to indicate such an intention. Common carriers of goods and passengers have a public employment. and owe the public a general duty independent of any contract. They are bound to carry for all persons who apply, unles they have a reasonable excuse for refusal to do so. They are bound to deliver goods at their destination, or at the end of their route to the next carrier, in a reasonable time, according to the usual course of business, with all convenient speed. A carrier who has no notice that it is important that certain goods be delivered at a certain time, is not liable for the value of any special use prevented by an unreasonable delay in delivery. The mere omission to transport or deliver property within a reasonable time does not necessarily make the carrier liable for its value. He is liable for the damages caused by such omission. but the owner cannot, on the sole ground of unreasonable delay in the conveyance and delivery of property, refuse to receive it, and recover from the carrier as for its conversion.

should have made the delivery at the place of destination. When the property is not of a perishable nature, and is not a common or ordinary object of sale in the market, and subject to its fluctuations, but is designed for a special purpose in a special business, the rule of damages is very different from that applicable to merchandise. For delay in the transportation of machinery, the value of its use for the time it was detained is the measure of damages. In the absence of special damages, interest may be recovered during the period of negligent delay in the transportation of money. Where there is no change in the market value during a negligent delay of delivery it has been held that interest may be recovered on the market value from the time when delivery ought to have been made. Sagacious business men rely upon their ability to judge of the market in undertaking large commercial projects. According to their views of the market they send the merchandise by a quick or a slow carrier, and make compensation accordingly. A contrary rule would deprive them of all benefit of a rapid transit. It would be left to the caprice of the carrier when to transport, and the owner could have no relief. It would be no answer to say that the owner might make a special contract for the transportation at a given time. The contract would have to contain a special provision to pay these damages, or the carrier's liability would not be altered. If the carrier would be liable for those damages, upon a special contract to transport by a given time, he clearly would be for a violation of his duty. In the absence of any special agreement, the law implies that the carrier agrees to transport in a reasonable time. That is his duty. In failing to do so, he not only violates his duty, but also the contract upon which it is based.

#### Milwaukee Notes

In the state exhibits of the World's Fair, it was in the department of Agriculture that Wisconsin made its best record. In cereals alone the state secured 103 awards. It beat Minnesota in the number of awards for wheat, and with respect to the quality of wheat exhibited, Wisconsin took rank second to no state in the so

the property having a usable the preparation of food. This value, after the time when he was the result of the Allis was the result of the Allis Company's showing of flouring machinery, including engines, roller mills and other apara-tus. The list is as follows:

E. P. Allis Company, Milwaukee, general exhibit.

E. P. Allis Company, Milwaukee, scalping reel, reversible conveyor blades and dust collector.

In the matter of awards, at least in certain departments, Wisconsin did very well at the World's Fair. Many Wisconsin people have felt that the state did not make the most of its opportunity, a feeling that was not lessened by witness-ing the splendid showing made by such far-away lands as new South Wales and the Colonies, countries African which, like Wisconsin, have great natural resources and which took advantage of the Fair to advertise that fact to the world. That the Badger State gained substantial recognition in spite of the disadvantage of a small appropriation indicates that a veritable triumph would have been achieved had the legislature been a little more liberal.

The list of Wisconsin awards contains a good many surprises, and this is especialy true of those granted in the depart-ment of Mines and Mining. In this department the state secured twenty-four awards and in the matter of building stone she took a rank second to no state in the Union. Wisconsin granite won six awards of the same grade as those given to the exhibitors of granite from New England and the quarries of Scotland, a recognition that places our granite at par with any in the world.

HENRY MEYER, of this city, has purchased the Barton Roller Mills, at Barton, Washington County, from A. Huntington.

THE grain receipts thus far this fall have been remarkable despite the fact that some time ago grain dealers and railroad men were fearing that there would be practically no movement of grain because there would be no money with which to handle it. According to the records of the Chamber of Commerce, the total receipts of grain in this city during October, 1893, were, 6,489,805 bushels against 5,260,971 bushels during same month, 1892, or an increase of 1,228,834 bushels in favor of 1893. Where four or five years ago the quantity of second to no state in the so called wheat belt, not exepting the Dakotas.

In the Machinery department the Edw. P. Allis Company of Milwaukee, secured the highest award for a general exhibit of machinery used in

grain men are working together renders the quantity of grain which can be received and handled now almost limit-

GOVERNOR PECK has taken official notice of the situation among the needy miners of Hurley, and has established an office and storage in this city for the receiving of contributions, which are continuously being sent in from all sections of the state and forwarded to the proper parties. A late report from the district of suffering states that the contribution of flour is quite sufficient to supply all the needy with that article during the winter, and that other things, in the way of eatables and clothing, are now more desirable. The millers of this city have been quite liberal in their donations.

THE stock of wheat here is reported at 841,306 bushels, against 2,016,930 bushels for the corresponding day last year. Prices are firm at 65c. for May, with December 5½c. under May and cash ¼c. under De-

FLOUR is steady but quiet, and choice spring wheat patents are offered at \$3.60@3.70. Millstuffs are unsettled and spot sales are quoted at \$12.25 for sacked bran and \$13.00 for middlings. The average daily production of flour by the city mills, for the past six weeks, was 7,354 barrels.

#### IMPORTS OF AMERICAN WHEAT FLOUR INTO EUROPE.

THE following is taken from the November, 1893, report of the statistician of the U.S. Dep't of Agriculture:

As a large and growing portion of American wheat is shipped to Europe as wheat flour, it is deemed advisable to present the following statement of the rates of customs duties leviable on wheat flour for the principal importing countries of Europe:

FOREIGN IMPORT DUTIES ON WHEAT

COUNTRIES.	Tariff Rates per bbl. of 196 lbs.
United Kingdom Belgium Netherlands Denmark Italy Spain Sweden Switzerland Conventional duty, b. General duty, c. Germany: Conventional duty, b. Gereral duty, c. Portugal, d France: At the rate of extraction of To per cent and above. At the rate of extraction of between 70 and 80 per cent.	Free. Free. Free. Free. \$1.49 2.28 .60 a 34 .43 1.54 2.22
At the rate of extraction of 60 per cent and below	2.06

is at the rate of \$2.02 per barrel of 198 pounds.

e. Wheat flour of extra European production, imported from European entrepots, is subjected to a surtax of & cents per barrel of 198 pounds, which is to be added to the above rates.

In this connection it is interesting to note the growing exportation of our wheat flour into European countries. The healthy and substantial growth of this branch of our foreign trade can be seen by an examination of the following export figures as published by the treasury department:

	1890	1890-'91.	1881	1891-'92.	1892-'93.	-383.
COUNTRIES.	Quan'ty Barrels.	Value, Dollars.	Quan'ty Value, Barrels, Dollars, Barrels, Dollars,	Value, Dollars.	Quan'ty Barrels.	Value. Dollars.
United Kingdom	7,087,420	7,087,420 33,781,917	8,604,910	9,604,910 47,251,480 10,361,360	10,361,860	99,319,856
Germany	8,864	41,030	54,277	266,519	200,719	1,010,385
France	70,134	362,085	210,402	1,178,475	1,818	8,157
Other countries in Europe.	446,600	2,078,800	1,020,068	5,135,962	1,387,472	6,483,351
Total to Europe.	7,563,018	36,251,650	7,563,018 38,251,650 10,899,657 53,832,436 11,910,869	53,832,436	11,910,860	55,881,749
Total to all countries	11,344,304	11,344,304 54,705,616	15,196,789	75,362,283	75,362,283 16,620,330	75,488,347

During the year ending June 30, 1893, the United States exported to Europe 11,910,869 barrels of wheat flour, as against 10,889,657 barrels the previous year, and only 7,563,018 barrels in 1890-'91. The United Kingdom, as shown in the table, requires by far the largest share of our total exports to Europe, and its annual demand is on the increase. A far greater proportional increase, however, in the demand for American flour is manifested in Germany, whose imports of this article increased from 8,864 barrels in 1890-'91, to 54,277 barrels the following year, and 209,719 barrels in 1892-'93. The Treasury statements for the months of July and August, 1893, show no abatement in the demand for our product in this comparatively new market. During July, 1893, the United States exported to Germany 13,261 barrels of wheat flour, as against 5,242 barrels during July, 1892, and for August, 1893, our ex-ports to that country were 44,-650 barrels, as against 15,673 barrels during the corresponding month of last year. It is gratifying to note that our product seems able to compete successfully with Hungarian flour in a market where the latter has heretofore reigned supreme.

#### ORGANIZATION OF MILLERS IN THE UNITED STATES. Exchange of Baltimore the

#### THE MILLERS' NATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

President-C. B. COLE,							- Chester, Ill.
1st Vice-President-A. C. Loi			30.		w		Minneapolis, Minn.
2d Vice-President-B. F. Iss.	NUES	RG.		40		a	Huntingdon, Pa.
Treasurer-S. H. SEAMANS,							Milwaukee, Wis.
Secretary-FRANK BARRY,	er .	10				ж	- Milwaukee, Wis.

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\*Members of Executive Committee

#### THE MILLERS' NATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

MILWAUKEE Nov. 11th, 1893. To Members of the Millers' Na-tional Association:

tional Association:

The Executive Commitee of the Millers' National Association held a quarterly meeting in Chicago, November 10th, 1893, all members being present. Mr. D. S. Shellabarger, of Decatur, Ill., succeeded President C. B. Cole as representative for the Illinois State Millers' Association in the Board of Directors and Executive Committee of the National Association.

National Association.

The reports of the Secretary and Treasurer showed that the Association was in excellent condition.

Agreeably to the terms of the Constitution, the Executive Committee at this meeting fixed the basis of annual dues to be collected

Constitution, the Executive Committee at this meeting fixed the basis of annual dues to be collected from members by draft on January 15th, 1894, at \$5.00 per unit of 100 barrels daily capacity. Owing to the fact that the Association now has in hand the defense of fourteen patent suits against members, and that there is strong probability of much more very expensive litigation in the near future, it was deemed best to strengthen the treasury by collecting the full amount of dues provided for by the law.

In regard to patent litigation, the committee found that the defense of suits entered by Wm. E. Lee under his claims on Cockle Separating Machinery was in quite satisfactory condition. The suits against all of the Miuneapolis millers did not get upon the fall callendar of the court, and will not come up for trial probably before March, 1894. The appealed suit against C. A. Pillsbury & Co. will be heard in the near future. Mr. Lee has entered no new suits of late. Regarding the suits of J. H. Russell, based upon alleged territorial rights to manufacture and sell Middlings Purifiers under the Geo. T. Smith patents, that against Kendall & Co. remains in status quo, not having been called up for argument. The suit against Kern & Son will be tried probably in December, the demurrer which was filed having been overruled by the court in July. No new suits have, been entered by Russell, though his attorneys assert that they shall file over one hundred bills of complaint within the next few months. About \$2,000 has been spent in combating Russell's claim thus far, and the end is not yet. In the last two reports to members of this Association reference has been spent in combating Russell's claim thus far, and the end is not yet. In the last two reports to members of this Association reference has been spent in combating Russell's claim thus far, and the end is not yet. In the last two reports to members of this Association reference has been spent in combating Russell's claim thus far, and the end is not yet. In the last

sylvania State Millers' Association, sylvania State Millers' Association, it was feared might give general trouble as the decision rendered by Judge Dallas in May was for the plaintiff. It is gratifying to report that as a result of an appeal by the defendant for a re-hearing, Judge Dallas reversed his finding and thus threw the Detwiler claims out of court. The committee gave careful consideration to the threatening litigation under the Jonathan Mills patent on Flour Dressers, Letters Patent No. 267,098, dated Nov. 7th, 1882, and received reports relative to investigation made regarding the same.

relative to investigation made regarding the same.

In regard to claims and complaints, progress was reported in the cases of the Alton Roller Mill Co. vs. Louis Redd, of Columbus, Ga., and the L. C. Porter Milling Co. vs. Eph. Hewitt, of Chicago, suit having been entered in the latter. New complaints, arising from unjust cancellation of orders, were received as follows: The L. C. Porter Milling Co. vs. L. A. Conwell & Co., of Philadelphia, and the L. C. Porter Milling Co. vs. T. G. Mathews, of New York City. The Secretary was instructed to prosecute both. Communications were read from Mr. J. M. Bemis and others interested in the subject of the tarific on jute and and burlaps, the suggestion being and burlaps, the suggestion being offered that the Association might well take some action toward pro-tecting the interests of members in the training of the proposed new tariff bill before Congress, in the same manner that it did two years ago, when great benefit resulted. After discussion of the subject, the Committee instructed the Secretary committee instructed the Secretary to take steps which seemed necessary or advisable to secure a fair and equitable rating in this schedule of the tariff. The Millers' Tracing Bureau was found to be in a prosperous condition, the service being all that could be desired, and the sub-organization entirely self-supporting in spite of the compara-tively meagre patronage accorded by the exporting members of this Association. Respectfully, FRANK BARRY, Sec'y.

#### THE NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION ASSOCIATION.

The National Transportation Association of the United States met in annual session at the Corn and Flour Exchange building, Baltimore, on the 15, 16 and 17th inst.

In the National Transportation Association the following bodies are represented by mem-bership: The Corn and Flour

Commercial Exchange of Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce of Boston, Board of Trade of Detroit, Produce Exchange of Toledo, Board of Trade of Indianapolis, Board of Trade of Chicago, the Freight Bureau of Chicago, Chamber of Com-merce of Cincinnati, Chamber of Commerce of Milwaukee, the Millers' National Association, the Chamber of Commerce of Minneapolis, the Board of Trade of Duluth, Board of Trade of Peoria, Board of Trade of Louisville, Board of Trade of Cleveland and the National Paint, Oil and Varnish Ass'n.

The delegates in attendance at this meeting were George M. Lane, Detroit; Wm. Young, Baltimore; R. C. Greer. Peoria E. P. Wilson, Cincinnati; N. G. Iglehart and D. E. Richardson, Chicago; Frank Barry of the Millers' National Association; Jerome Carty, Philadelphia; D. W. Ranlett, Boston; Charles E. Wheeler, Cleveland; O. Whitelaw of the National Paint Oil and Varnish Association; John G. Telford, Louisville, and

F. H. Magdeburg, Milwaukee. On the morning of the 15th inst, the delegates met in the room of the Directors of the Corn and Flour Exchange. Geo. M. Lane, of Detroit, president of the association occupied the Chair and Geo. F. Stone, of Chicago, Secretary. The morning session was mainly taken up by the address of the president who thanked the Baltimore Corn and Flour Exchange for its courtesy in allowing the meeting to be held in its building.

He spoke of the great and important bodies represented in the association, and referred to the vital relations existing between commerce and the pros-

perity of the city.
The Baltimore American publishes the following account of the meeting:

of the meeting:
The association discussed the questions of freight classification, inequality in car service and demurrage. The question of unjust discrimination by railroads along the Atlantic seaboard was also brought before the body, and a committee was appointed to investigate the matter thoroughly and report at the next meeting. The Interstate Commerce Law was discussed and approved, and the cussed and approved, and the members were urged to report to the association any infringements of it that may come under their notice.

The committees on freight classifications, claims and car service reported progress along their respective lines of duty, and were continued in service. The former committee submitted plans of classification differing slightly from those now in use on railroads, which were favorably considered by the association. The committee on car service showed that there was great irregularity in the service and submitted a recommendation that, as the railroads charged demurrage for detention of cars; steps should be taken to have them charged for unreasonable delay in the transportation of commodities. The committee urged this before the association, and it was approved. committees on freight clas-

Treasurer F. H. Magdeburg's re-port shows the association to be in a good condition, Mr. Jerome Carty delivered an address on the Interstate Commerce law, commending its worth and work. It was then reported to the association that char-

its worth and work. It was then reported to the association that charges of discrimination by the trunk lines along the Atlantic seaboard, particularly of the terminal facilities at Baltimore, Philadelphia and Boston, had been made, and should be investigated, and the following resolution was offered and adopted:

"That a committee of five be appointed to investigate whether these charges exacted by, or the failure to charge for service rendered by trunk line railroads at certain Atlantic seaboard cities, constitute discrimination under the Interstate Commerce act, and report to the National Transportation Association at its next meeting. Said committee, in its discrimination, shall have authority in the meantime to confer with the Interstate Commerce Commission."

The committee appointed consists of E. P. Wilson, William S.

The committee appointed consists of E. P. Wilson, William S. Young, D. W. Ranlet, D. E. Richardson and

Jerome Carty.

The chair was authorized to appoint a standing committee of five

point a standing committee of five on interstate commerce, with general powers to act in all cases in the interests of the merchants, and in securing a fair hearing of their complaints before the Interstate Commerce Commission, and present their wants to Congress.

The election of officers for the ensuing year than took place: Mr. William S. Young, of Baltimore, was elected president, and Mr. Frank Barry, of Milwaukee, vice president. F. H. Magdeburg, treasurer, and George F. Stone, secretary, were re-elected. The following executive committee were also elected: E. P. Wilson, D. W. Ranlet, Charles E. Wheeler, D. E. Richardson and R. C. Grier.

Wheeler, D. E. Richardson and R. C. Grier.

The last day's session began at ten o'clock. President W. S. Young of Baltimore appointed the standing Committee on Interstate Commerce, as follows: E. P. Wilson, D. E. Richardson, R. C. Grier, Frank Barry and O. L. Whitelaw. Congressman Stover was then introduced, and he made a lengthy address on the interstate commerce law and

Barry and O. L. Whitelaw. Congressman Stover was then introduced, and he made a lengthy address on the interstate commerce law, and transportation in general. He pointed out the strength and weakness of the law, and explained four amendments of the law now pending before the committee. Three of these had been introduced by himself and one by Congressman Patterson, who accompanied him Congressman Patterson followed Mr. Stover and explained his amendment, which allows railroads to form pools, subject to the approval of the commission, and to be annulled at its pleasure. In his address he alluded to the Nicaragua Canai, which he said, was of vital interest and importance to the United States, and should be constructed as an American and national enterprise, and not by private or corporate capital.

These apeeches provoked some discussion on the part of the members. Mr. E. P. Wilson, of Cincinnati, argued in opposition to the proposed amendment permitting pools by railroads, and said that the present law was good enough if enforced. He said that the law was not regarded by the railroad corporations. Mr. F. H. Magdeburg, of Milwaukee, concurred in Mr. Wilson's views, and said that the system of pooling was only an artificial upholding of rates, and could be prevented if the interstate commerce law was properly enforced. Several members of the association spoke in favor of the railroads' system of pooling, if made subject to the approval of the commission.

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#### EXECUTIVE OFFICES. - PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HENRY W. BRACKETT, Department Agent. B. W. DAWLEY, Gen'l Supt. Western Department. 226 LaSalle Street. CHICAGO, ILL.

#### News.

R. E. HALL is erecting a 60-barrel flouring mill at Rocky Mount, Va.

DAVID BEAM will establish a roller flouring mill at Ellenboro, N.C.

Hunt, Connor & Co. will erect a large flouring plantat Catawba, N.C.

THOS. VOLLENS is erecting a new flouring mill plant at Windsor, Ont.

M. F. BREWSTER will put up a new grist mill soon at Irasburgh,

JOHN NICHOLL is erecting a 50-bar-rel roller flour mill at Queensboro, Ont.

A ROLLER process flouring millis to be built at Elkin, N. C., by T. L. Gwyn.

R. D. FLEMING is to establish a roller process flouring mill at Warrenton, N. C.

GREEN & Co., millers, Fort Valley a., have sold their business to J M. Culpeper.

THE roller mill at Rush City, Minn. has been sold to J. F. Ramberg for \$8,500.

CASTNER & CO. are increasing the capacity of their flouring mill at Lincolnton, N. C.

THE new mill at Luverne, Minn., has been completed and is now turning out flour.

AT Voss, N. D., Nov. 8, the Monarch elevator was burned with 20,000 bushels of wheat.

THE Bridgeport Milling Compa ny has started up its new grist-mill, at Bridgeport, Ala.

THE Eugene, Or., flour mills were destroyed by fire Nov. 7. The buildings are a total loss.

A roller process flouring mill will be built at Lexington, S. C., by Jas-per Long, of Barr's Landing.

J. S. RUSSELL, flour mill owner, near Athens, Tenn, is reported as having gone out of business.

THE North Branch roller mills at Chatfield, Minn., have been sold to C. R. Madison of Volga, S. D.

THE LYONS Milling Company will rebuild its plant, recently destroyed by fire, at Bower's Mills, Mo.

THE Falls City Milling Company, Wichita Falls, Texas, has been attached and a receiver appointed.

JOHN STODGELL's roller flouring mills, at Mount Eden, Ky., were burned recently at a loss of \$15,000. They will probably be rebuilt.

C. W. Hodson is having plans drawn for a flour mill, which he intends to build at Janesville, Wis.

C. H. GUENTHER & SONS of San Antonio, Tex., will add steam power to their flouring mill in that city.

AT Altamont, Ill., Nov. 23, the Yoeting flouring mill was totally destroyed by fire; partially insured.

Mr. M. B. Sheffield expects to put in the foundation for a 50-barrel flouring mill at Pratt, Minn., this

THE Union Roller Mills and Elevator Company will rebuild their plant burned recently, at Gallatin, Tenn.

A STOCK company will erect a flouring mill plant at Danville, Va. W. H. Hill is the secretary of the company.

At Bolivar, Mo., Nov. 11, the 100-barrel mill of J. B. Hatler & Sons was burned. Loss \$12,000; insurance \$5,000.

AT Pointville, N. J. Nov. 14, the saw and grist mill of Asher B. Parker was burned. Loss \$5,000; insurance, \$2,000.

A 150x40-foot addition is being erected to the Peterborough Milling Company's Blythe flour mill, at Peterborough, Ont.

THE ACKERMAN BROS. Mill Co. of Young America, Minn., have in-corporated and will start the mill anew in that village.

THE grist-mill and cotton-gin owned by J. N. Stafford was burned recently, at Pineapple, Ala. The loss amounted to \$10,000.

JOHNSON & HALE, flouring mill, Clinton, Ky., have dissolved part-nership, Mr. Hale having sold his interest to E. O. Reid.

It is stated that Burkhart & Benedict have disposed of their interest in the Stoufferstown, Pa., Flouring Mill to William M. Gillan.

BYNUM & ASHFORD will rebuild their griet mills and gin at Court-land, Ala., which were burned recently at a loss of \$10,000.

O. R. GILLENWATTERS has leased and will operate the mill of the Rogersville Flouring Mill Com-pany, at Rogersville, Tenn.

THE Peacock Mill Company succeed the firm of Pierce & Elam, at Milton, Ore. The new company is incorporated with a capital stock of \$25,000.

A company will be organized with \$15,000 capital stock.

THE first U. S. census was taken in 1790. There were then less than four million people (3,929,214). In 1800 there were over sixty-three millions.

THE plant of the Union Roller Mills and Elevator Company was burned recently, at Gallatin, Tenn. Loss \$20,000; insurance \$7,500. It will be rebuilt.

THOMAS BERKELY will build and operate a grist-mill at Gordonsville, and Geo. O. Jones will establish a roller-process flouring mill Ridgeway, Va.

THE Noel Mill Company, at Estill Springs Tenn, has voted to double its capital stock, and will start up the mill about December 15, with a daily capacity of 2,500 barrels.

ONE hundred years ago the United States imports aggregated \$31,000, 000; today, \$860,351,421; one hundred years ago the exports were valued at \$29,109,000; today, \$847,508,024.

A. D. ROGERS, of Huntsville, and Emmet Rogers of New Market have recently finished a flouring mill at New Market, Ala., with a daily capa-city of about 30 barrels. It will be run by water-power.

JOHN ATTHELER is president and J. E. Brooks treasurer of a company, organized at Horae Cave, Ky., to build a 75-barrel flouring mill on the site of the mill of Withers & Co., which was burned recently.

THERE is some talk of securing "milling in transit" privilege for Birmingham, Ala. The Commercial club is at work on the matter and if the railroads grant the privilege a big grain mill will be at once erected.

A GENTLEMAN from Illinois has A GENTLEMAN from Illinois has offered to erect at once a stone flouring mill of over 100-bbls. capacity, at Pipestone, Minn., provided the city will give him one acre of ground and free water rent for a period of ten years.

THE Farmers' Alliance Milling Co. of Southern Oregon, has been in-corporated by S. M. Nealon, J. W. Marksbury, L. J. Marksbury and others, to operate grist mills. Cap-tal stock \$20,000; principal place of business, Centre Point, Ore.

ceed the firm of Pierce & Elam, at Milton, Ore. The new company is incorporated with a capital stock of \$25,000.

A project is on foot to build a flour mill at Colville, Wash, with a daily capacity of fifty barrels, and the achieve promises to be a success.

THE Litchfield, Minn, mill has been purchased by Messrs A. H. Weber and R. D. Church, of Chicago. Some improvements will be made in the mill. It will be heated throughout with steam and lighted with electric lights.

THE total production of silver in the world during the last year was placed at one hundred and forty-five million ounces troy, of which the United States produced sixty million ounces, or upward of forty-one per cent of the whole amount.

THE Lone Star Elevator Company, at Dallas and other places in Texas, has been placed in the hands of a receiver on the application of Cock-rell Brothers, the principal stock-holders. It was chartered two years ago, with a capital stock of \$200,000.

THE Case of A. H. Perkins vs. the La Grange Mill Co., at Red Wing, Minn., for \$5,000 damages for injuries sustained by falling through a hole in the floor of the mill, was decided in favor of the plaintiff, giving him \$2,500. The case will be appealed. appealed.

FOR a consideration of \$350,000, Inman, Swan & Co. of Nashville, Tenn., have conveyed to the Cumberland Mils, the flouring mills in that city known as the Union Mills. It is expected that the new purchasers will put the mills in operation at an early day. early day.

THE Kidder Milling Company has found it necessary, on account of increase of business, to enlarge its plant at Rosedale, Kans. A large addition will be built to the mill, and its capacity will be doubled. The addition will be completed and ready for operation by January l.

The highest smoke stack in the United States is probably that recently built for the Fall River Iron Co. From the top of the granite foundation to the cap is 350 feet; the diameter at the base is 30 feet, at the top 21 feet; the flue is 14 feet throughout, and the entire structurerests on a solid granite foundation, 55x50x16 feet deep.

A LATE report from WestSuperior Wis., is to the effect that Messrs. Otto Rasmussen and A. L. Rood, of Austin, Minn., are negotiating for a site in that city, for a 5,000-bbl. flour mill. Liberal inducements are being offered, and, if a deal is consummated, the piling will be done this winter and the superstructure will be built in the spring.

THE Van Dusen elevator at Red-wood Falls, Minn., was burned Nov. 5. It contained 15,000 bushels of wheat, 4,000 bushels of flax, 1,000 bushels of oats, and 250 tons of coal. all of which were destroyed. Total

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The Anti-order College of the Work of the American College of the College of TOTAL CASH ASSETS, \$235,692.13. NET CASH SURPLUS, \$214,308.63.

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### Milwaukee Bag Company MANUFACTURERS OF COTTON. PAPER AND JUTE FLOUR SACKS. MILWAUKER

loss \$10,000; insurance small. The Van Dusen company has purchased the elevator of C. W. George for a consideration of about \$3,000.

THE way to find the gold value of the silver dollar when the price of silver per ounce is given is to multiply the market value of silver by 77½; this gives the gold value of the silver dollar. The factor 77½ is the result obtained by dividing 2711/4 the supplementary. dividing 37114, the number of grains of silver in a dollar, by 480, the number of grains in a troy ounce,

MILLIAM LISTMAN has sold his stock in the Listman Mill Company at La Crosse, Wis., and will move to Superior soon, having transferred his interests to that city. The Hixons have purchased his interest and Geo. R. Smith of Minneapolis is the new manager. W. L. Hixon is the secretary and treasurer, which includes all the changes that will be made.

made.
THE mill of Louis F. Patterson, located about two miles west of Uniontown, Pa., was struck by lightning, Oct. 22, during a heavy rainstorm and burned. R. F. Moore, was in the building and was stunned. The lightning left the building and followed a wire fence about 200 yards, where it left the fence killing a lot of hogs. A son of Moore, who was struck by lightning sometime ago, was paralyzed in his chair, and is in a critical condition.

At Fergus Falls, Minn. Nov. 15

is in a critical condition.

AT Fergus Falls, Minn., Nov. 15, the Page flouring mills, the 120,000-bushel elevator containing about 40,000 bushels of wheat, the cooper shops, warehouse and a large amount of stock, were burned. The loss on mill and elevator is \$75,000, on wheat and stock \$25,000. Insurance on the mill \$25,000; on stock, \$22,000. The business was in the hands of C. D. Wright, assignee, and was leased by the Geo. Tileston Milling Co. of St. Cloud.

ing Co. of St. Cloud.

THE great artesian well at Chamberlain, S. D., attracts wide-spread attention. It is beyond question a great well, not only on account of its enormous flow of from 5,000 to 8,000 gallons per minute, but for its fine water-power. It nowruns both the 150-barrel Chamberlain roller mill and the electric light plant of 600 lights, using 95-horse power, and gives the steadiest power that can well be imagined. The cost of running the mill when coal was used was estimated at \$1 per hour for every hour that the mill was in operation; with water power the saving will pay for the well in a little over a year, when the power will not cost a cent.

THE FIRE LOSS of the United States

mated by the New York Journal of Commerce and Trade Bulletin, amounts to \$11,014,700. This is over \$2,000,000 less than the sum chargable against the same month in 1892, view of Reviews for November is but the year's record so far exhibits an enormous increase of the first

then months of 1892.

That this increase is an important one is demonstrated by the following comparative table, exhibiting

the losses by mo	nths:	
1801.	1892.	1893.
anuary \$11,230,000	\$12,564,900	\$17,958,400
february 9,226,500	11,914,000	9,919,900
March 12,540,750	10,648,000	16 662,350
April 11,309,000	11,559,800	14.669,900
May 16,660,395	9,485,000	10,427,100
une 8,587,625	9.265,550	16,344,950
uly 9,692,200	11,530,000	12.118.700
August 9,055,100	10.145.300	13,222,700
September 10.658,200	7.879.800	10,508,700
October 18,248,300	13,249,200	11,014,700

Totals ..\$109,444,050 \$108,341,550 \$132,847,400 During October there were 212 fires of a greater destructiveness than \$10,000 each.

#### LITERARY NOTES.

MRS. CLARA DOTY BATES has MRS. CLARA DOTY BATES has written an article for the November St. Nicholas on "The Children of the Plaisance," with pictures of most of the interesting children in the "Midway" at the World's Fair.

THE Christmas number of Harper's Magazine will be noteworthy even in the history of that periodical. It will be profusely illustrated. A sympathetic study of "The Old Dominion," by Thomas Nelson Page, and a contemporary view of "The House of Commons," by Thomas Power O'Connor, are among the attractions of the num-ber. It will contain nine short

stories.

Harper's Bazar, issued November 18th, will contain: A paper on the Music of Norway, by Aubertine Woodward Moore; "Dressmaking for Amateurs," by Georgina Pell Curtis, the first in a series of three papers, all practical and minute, and fully illustrated by the author; and "The King's Garden," by Louise Seymour, an article on work among tenement House children by the Tenement House Chapter of the King's Daughter's and Sons.

The November Century will con-

riew of Reviews for November is its presentation of the "Possibilities of the great Northwest," in an article by Mr. S. A. Thomson, and in a supplementary article by Doctor Emory R. Johnson, upon "Inland Waterways for the Northwest." Mr. Thomson, as exercity of the Northwest. Thompson, as secretary of the Du-luth Chamber of Commerce, has for several years been actively enfor several years been actively engaged in searching out and applying effective means for bringing the great states northwest of the Upper Mississippi, and the great Canadian provinces belonging geographically to the same region, into closer communication with the rest of the North American continent. He is therefore able to write with an enthusiasm born of intimate knowledge of the subject and supported by very important and supprising statistics. Dr. Johnson is lecturer on Transportation in the Wharton School of Finance and Economics, University of Pennsylvania, and has recently published sylvania, and has recently published a monograph upon "Inland Water-ways." Dr Johnson particularly emphasizes the importance of can-al and river transportation as a means of lowering railway rates, and he finds a very large social as well as economic influence resulting from the extension of facilities for shipping and for personal travel. These two articles suggest a future of almost unimaginable growth for the great Northwest. Each article is fittingly illustrated.

THE complete novel in the Decem-THE Complete novel in the December number of Lippincott's is Sergeant Cresus," by Captain Charles King. It is one of his most interesting tales of army life and Indian fighting in the wild West, and makes a new departure in having a private and a foreigner for its

hero.

The tenth and last of Lippincott's Notable Stories, "When Hester Came," will be found to be one of the very best, as it is the longest, of the series. It is by an entirely new and very promising writer, Mrs. Bride Neill Taylor, of Texas.

Another story of marked power, at once striking, delicate, and pathetic is "In the Camp of Philistia," by Virginia Woodward Cloud. "A Dream in the Morning," by Alice Brown, is a brief and beautiful sketch of a soul's undying devotion in the future life.

region. The facts will be remem-

region. The facts will be remembered by many.

J.N. Ingram gives the history of "The Australian Rabbit-Plague." Wilton Tournier tells "How to Cultivate the Body." Edgar Fawcett writes of "Literary Popularity," and M. Crofton concludes his series, "Men of the Day," with sketches of Professor Huxley and Luigi Arditi. The poetry of the number is contributed by Mercy Hart, Margaret Gilman George, and Nannie Fitzhugh Maclean.

#### THE PANSY FOR 1894.

The November number enters The November number enters upon a new year, and announces many new and important features. There will be, each month, a special department devoted to the work of the Christian Endeavor Society: "Our Christian Endeavor Bulletin." Mrs. G. R. Alden (Pansy) will have as contributors to this new department the best talent to be secured among the prominent workers in the Christian tors to this new department the best talent to be secured among the prominent workers in the Christian Endeavor field. Rev. Tennis S. Hamlin, D. D., will contribute an article on The Immediate Future of Christian Endeavor, to be followed by articles from the pens of other workers equally prominent in the cause. There will be the Iatest news of Christian Endeavor movement all over the world, and the most helpful and most progressive papers by Christian Endeavor Specialists that can be procured. The other departments of the magazine are to be broadened and enlarged by some material changes. One is the department of "Athletics and" Indoor Games in the Family Circle." Mr. A. Alonzo Stagg, the famous Yale pitcher, will contribute an early paper, to be followed by experts in physical development. Pansy (Mrs. G. R. Alden) has a new and fascinating serial, "Vira's Motto," beautifully illustrated by H. P. Barnes. Margaret Sidney, according to request will contribute the second series of her "Golden Discovery Papers" that Obtained such favor. Elizabeth. attention. It is beyond question a great well, not only on account of its enormous flow of from 5,000 to 85,000 to 8

ARE PROGRESSIVE AND WILL HAVE

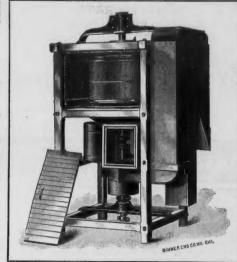
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WIDOWS of suchsoldiers and sailors who served ninety days, or over, in the late war, as a service or not, and sandless of their pecuniary circumstances.

WIDOWS of suchsoldiers and sailors are entitled if not remarried, whether soldier's death was due to army service or not, if now dependent upon their own labor for support. Widows not dependent upon their own labor for support of the sailor of the sailor of their own labor for support. OHILDREN are entitled if not remarried.

PARENTS are entitled if soldier left neither widow nor child, provided soldier died in service, or from effects of service, and they are now dependent upon their own labor for support. It makes no difference whether soldier served or died in late war or in regular army or many.

Soldiers of the late war, pensioned under one law, may apply for higher rates under other law, without losing any rights.

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#### MILWAUKEE, NOVEMBER, 1893.

We respectfully request our readers when they write to persons or firms advertising in this paper, to mention that their advertisement was seen in the UNITED STATES MILLER. You will thereby oblige not only this paper, but the advertisers.

#### Editorial.

A CCORDING to a very recent report of the American consul at Frankfort, Germany, the trade difficulties between Russia and Germany gives the United States an advantage of about one dollar per barrel on flour over the Russian produce. The consul thinks the present a very opportune time to urge the sale of our flour in Germany.

THE E. Sanderson Milling Co., Milwaukee, advise us that owing to their large and increasing business, they have found it necessary to add to his home. their executive force an officer to be known as general manager, and that the office or title will be held by Mr. J. W. Heywood, late of Minneapolis. We nature, he left there and has, by townships to the governare informed Mr. Heywood is thoroughly conversant with the milling businees, operatively and commercially, and is a capable man, in every sense of the word, for his present posi- accomplish.

FOREIGN subscriber desires the address of the mills and millers mentioned below. If the parties who are named or will send their proper address to this office we will forward same to the inquirer:

Thompsen & Co. "Maryland Mills" "Baltimore Mille". John Hoffer's Castilla Mills. Robert Crooks & Co. Pennsylvania Mills. M. B. Simpson J. D. Cruden.

MR. FEED. C. KOBCHLIN, of The or over? If not, why are all FLOUR TRADE DURING OCTOBER. Hague, Holland, made us the markets of the world groan. The flour trade in the United indications.

progressive European millers, invisible continues

cable to the work carried on at dation upon which it can stand

owned a 1,000-barrel mill at our own. To do this, we be-Alsace, but, about the year lieve the better way to be for 1878, for reasons of a political each state to furnish the data since then, concentrated his ment department. business in Holland.

sidering the important question-is there no end to the downward tendencies of breadwheat is the lowest ever known and the visible supply of that cereal the highest, at this seaan outurn of 550,000,000 bushels of many disappointments.

a very pleasant visit recently, ing under their immense stock The gentleman's father, Mr. E. of flour and wheat? Just think Koechlin, is of the firm of Nico- of it! Chicago going into had more confidence in the la, Koechlin & Co., proprietors "winter quarters" with nearly of one of the leading and oldest 20,000,000 bushels of wheat in flouring mills in Holland. her storehouses and no de-They do a large business with mand for it, except as a basis flour exporters of this coun- for making big interest and try in the way of purchasing carrying charges-every exporour production for the purpose ting seeming anxious to supply of mixing with that made at importing countries with more their own mills. Their pur- than needed, at the best bid obchases of American flour tainable, and yet, statistics amount to fully 400,000 barrels issued by our agricultural deyearly and this amount will be partment, supposed to be as steadily increased, from present near the facts as possible to obtain, under the pres-The mill of the firm is ad- ent system of calculations, vantageously located on the would make it appear that this canal leading from Rotterdam country is drained of its surto Amsterdam, and they take plus breadstuffs; that, in fact, pleasure in utilizing all meri- we are short a hundred million torious modern improvements bushels or more, of wheat, in their plant and in keeping while our present visible supon an even footing with other ply is nearly 70,000,000 and the getting The object of the present larger. Evidently, one of two visit of Mr. Ferd. C. Koechlin is things is necessary to prevent trade dragged considerably, to investigate and study the the mistakes that have pre-American system of milling vailed on the crop reports of and to that end he intends find- this country since the compiling employment as an operator ing of same was undertaken in some mill where he may, in by the Agricultural departtime, become conversant with ment. There should be an enthe methods from practice, tire revision of the present We understand it is his inten- methods of obtaining results or tion to seek a position some- an abandonment, by the dewhere in the Winter Wheat partment, of this duty, until all section as the experience ob-obtainable data is at hand for tained would be more appli- making a report having a founand be entitled to respect in Mr. E. Koechlin, at one time, foreign countries as well as in

We do not beleve the present Our visitor has our best home consumption, per capita, wishes for his success in the figured upon the entire populaundertaking he has set out to tion of 65,000,000 is correct. We do not consume 400,000,000 bushels of wheat, in the way of ALL classes of dealers in bread, in this country per annum. In this item alone may be found a large amount of our present unaccounted for sur-The consumption of plus. wheat by our domestic animals who operate the mills named stuffs? The present price of this year, by reason of its will send their proper address wheat is the lowest ever known cheapness, will go far towards equalizing the generous per capita estimate in next years basis. There certainly can be son of the year, notwithstand- no reason why our crop statising the reported short crop of tics, showing production and 1893. Is this reported short consumtion, can not be arrived crop a fact? Will it not be long as "old fogy" methods are indicated a moderate trade. wheat crop of 1803 will show

The flour trade in the United States and Canada was only moderately active during October. Millers, as a rule, have market, and were manufacturing quite freely, but buyers in the large consuming districts were quite conservative in their views, and not disposed to materially enlarge their supplies, consequently sellers have larger stocks on hand at the close of the month.

There is general complaint of small profits, but millers are hopeful of a more lucrative business during the last half of the year, when the large "visible supply of wheat" may be reduced substantially. Prices were a little more favorable to sellers early in the month, but toward the close concessions were granted in order to reduce stocks.

In new England trade was quiet and slow. New York millers report only a moderate trade. In Pennsylvania and Maryland, business in a general way was restricted, and chiefly to supply local wants. In Virginia and West Virginia, with some accumulation in supplies. In Kentucky, trade was fairly active, though mainly in the way of filling small orders. Millers in Tennessee reported a fair business. Texas, millers reported a moderate business on very small margins, and orders chiefly on domestic accounts.

In Ohio millers reported a fair local and a moderate export trade, with orders generaly for small quantities. In Michigan, a fair trade was reported, but complaints of unsatisfactory prices prevail owing to sharp freight competition with the northwest. Millers in Indiana reported trade rather slow-fair local orders, but export inquiry moderate. In Illinois a fair business was reported in the way of filling small orders. Some export inquiry at the larger markets, but only for moderate quantities in connection with special freight rates.

In Missouri trade was fairly good. Kansas millers reported a moderate trade on close margins. In Iowa and Nebraska. a fair trade was reported, chiefly to provide for moderate orders on local account. Wisconsin millers sold fair quantities to supply local wants. In the Northwest a fairly active business was reported, and manufacturers were shipping freely to take advantage of the lake route before the advent of cold weather. In Colorado and Utah trade was fair. Reports from the Pacific coast wheat crop of 1893 will show they be unreliable and a source only a fair business.—Chicago Trade Bulletin.

#### Correspondence.

[The following letters are all from our own special correspondents, and reflect their views and the views of the trade in the location from which they write.]

#### NEW YORK.

Stagnation and Depression Still—The Lowest Prices on the Crop—Too Much Stuff, Too Little Demand—Lighter Receipts Alone Can Advance Prices—Is the World's Shortage Overestimated?—Changes in the Flour Trade. Duluth Versus Minneapolis-The Outlook for Better Prices.

ONE would suppose that there is neither bottom nor resurrection to the markets for flour and wheat. Stagnafor flour and wheat. Stagment tion and depression have settled over them like a pall that it seems impossible to lift. The world eats up enough of this huge visible, to reduce the supply within the limits of the supply within the supply signs of relief and stocks pile present reduced demand, the up in sight till one doubts the world over, by reason of hard whole world's statistics of a short crop. Receipts in the winter wheat sections have not fallen off as expected; while those in the northwest have simply dumbfounded the Bulls. Prophesies of a "falling off in northwestern receipts" from week to week for nearly a month have been the only Bull conundrum no one is yet tonic the market has had since the repeal of the silver bill, which was expected to boom wheat and failed. The reason is obvious enough; there is not enough speculation to take the of the millenium, that no one, enormous amount of wheat in sight and Bull it, simply because it is cheap, in anticipation of a shortage which, at best, can scarcely be felt before the end of the crop year. Besides, the continuous outpour of wheat, especially from the northwest, has shaken what little confidence there was left in the government estimate of the crop. Either there is more wheat in the country than indicated by the two last years' government figures, or the farmers are marketing the biggest proportion of their crop, in the first half of the crop year, on record.

WHEN WILL SUPPLY DECREASE?

Hard times, no doubt, have made this true to some extent; but it can hardly be believed that the whole farming popula-tion is so impoverished as to compel them to part with such an unusual proportion of their crop at such unusually low prices, in such an unusually short crop year. Skepticism is now a most important obstacle in the way of any improvement in the markets for flour and wheat; and nothing but a radical and permanent falling off take it, especially from the in the movement will remove it. When this is done, as most expect it will be by the close of navigation, at farthest, then it remains to be seen who has faith enough in the future of prices, to buy this mountain of wheat and hold it and pay countries take European goods present carrying charges, until in payment to a larger extent to get in, although theylet their flours, for feed, are also in good

plenishing from our big visible supply. When faith is found then the money to back it must be found also; and, this is undoubtedly a very short crop year for money, in spite of the idle millions piling up in New York banks, because those who have it have not yet faith enough in anything, after the shaking up, or rather down, of values by the silver panic. If, therefore, the speculator and capitalists alike are unwilling to take wheat and hold it until the crop shortage begins to show, there is nothing to do times. In other words, demand must catch up with supply, before any material advance in present prices of wheat and flour can be looked for.

WHEN WILL DEMAND OVERTAKE SUPPLY?

When this will come, is a long-sighted enough to answer, any more than when supplies will decrease. The time for the latter has been set so many times in vain, like the coming with any reputation, dare risk it in a blind guess of when Europe will have depleted her native crops and import stocks, sufficiently to become free and steady buyers of our wheat and flour again. The Unknown Quantity in the problem of every year's world's supply is the Russian crop; and this is more unknown than ever, this year. But shipments from Russian ports of 6,000,000 bushels, week before last, enough to indicate that there is plenty back, while the crops of continental Europe seem likely to turn out in excess of estimates as well as in this country. It is the general opinion here, from advices, both from the U.K. and continent, that there will be little if any revival of export demand for our wheat or flour until after the new year, while few predict it before February. By that time, the crops of the southern hemisphere will begin to be offered in the European markets, as well as from Black Sea ports for the opening of navigation. As American wheat, it is understood that Europe will only Atlantic coast, when she cannot get what she wants elsewhere; for the reason that other countries always undersell the United States, not having the speculative machinery to carry it; while other wheat exporting

bag while other countries fill mills cleaned up for the winter. it, and if they have not enough to do it, then we can supply the deficit. Hence it will be seen that there is not such a \$4.10@4.25 down to \$4.00@4.10 "cinch" for the capitalist to for their patents, while Minbuy this cheap wheat and hold neapolis held at \$4.15@4.35, it for higher prices as supposed.

Prospects of higher prices are generally believed to be good, however, in the trade, and everybody has a little, waiting for the advance to come. In fact, this belief has led to a good deal of investment demand for wheat the past month. One city mill bought early in the month some 3,000,000 bushels of choice wheat, of which about No. 1 hard spring each. by the options sold against it; but it is believed in the trade here, that a considerable part of it was bought outright in the belief that it was a safe investment. The market now, howwhen these purchases were This simple statement of a fact, made, which show a loss, unless recognized by the trade for the 'hedged." No. 1 hard Manitoba wheat has apolis mills, and they raised been taken, to arrive c.i.f, by the upon their hind legs and close of navigation, at 3½ cents "stopped their papers" and some on the December option, by shipping and receiving houses, to hold until European millers shall want it enough to pay them its relative value over our best milling wheats, than which it is far superior, but which cannot be used by American millers, though they need it badly, because of our beneficent tariff, which enables English millers to get this wheat at only 34 cent per bushel over our No. 1 Northern, and 11/2 cents under our No. 1 hard spring, although good judges say it is worth 11/2 to 2 cents per bushel more than the latter for milling. This is furnishing the cudgel to En-The flour market has been a

spurt early in that period, on the idea that both wheat and flour were going to do better after the Repeal Bill should pass, and the trade, as well as shippers, anticipated their wants, and when the bill passed there were more sellers than buyers of both, and prices have been receding slowly ever since. But the Minneapolis mills got left on that spurt by holding prices Duluth mills, which anticipated the closing of lake navigation, when they would be placed at is giving way to their city a disadvantage with Minne- blended flours. But these mills export trade, while Minneapolis bulk of both the local Eastern

That is, the Superior and Duluth mills sold their product to the close of navigation at and have been trying to sell them the past two weeks or more at \$3.90@4.00 for standard brands and can only peddle them. In this connection, there has been "a terrible tempest in a tea pot." It occurred in this way: The Journal of Com-merce and Commercial Bulletin innocently alluded, in its flour market report recently, to the fact known by everybody in half was No.1 Northern and half the trade, that these Superior of the other half choice red and and Duluth mills were taking This away the trade from the older was said to have been hedged and better known Minneapolis mills by selling a better flour, made of better and cheaper wheat, out of which they took a smaller percentage of patents, for which they were able to obtain, from the New York trade, ever, is considerably lower than as good prices as the latter. Besides this, about last three months, was like a red one and a half million bushels rag to the agents of the Minneeventhreatenedalibelsuit. But the editor of that paper smiled and replied that it was its business to give the facts to the grocery trade of the country, which rely upon its reports for the market; and, that it could not withhold them because of individual interest that might suffer. Thereupon, these "stop my paper" champions of the Minneapolis millers appealed to their principals in that city.

A conundrum, in the following words, was given the New York agents of the Minneapolis mills by the "Bulletin man," which has not yet been answered: "If the above stateglish millers to beat American ment is not correct, how does millers out of their market with. it happen that all the Superior and Duluth mills have earned dead and alive affair for most of dividends, the past year, and the month. There was a little one as high as 20 per cent, while most of the Minneapolis mills passed theirs?" Echo still answers, Why?" Thus ended this cruel war, and all is peace

once more.

Our city mills are having a slow time also, as well as the Western, yet they are able to keep prices up better, as most of their trade is on their brands which are also of a higher standard than the Minneapolis higher than the Superior and mills, which they outself among the city family trade, excepting only one brand, and even this a polis, by selling their entire are still having a walk-over in product for that period, thus the feed market at 75@80c, at filling up both the home and which they are able to hold the stocks in Europe shall be rethan the United States. Hence prices down below that at export demand and are steady, duced sufficiently to require retwee always have to hold the which the Superior and Duluth as are low winters, but allothers

wheat to \$2.80@3.00, while buckwheat flour is scarce and largest vessel brokers in a bad used in Buffalo parks. higher than a year ago at \$2.50 plight. Some cargoes were in The Eastern Elevator is far higher than a year ago at \$2.50 @2.60 per 100 lbs., and not enough is coming here to sup-ply the trade. Corn products have been easing off also with corn on more free offerings of new crop, which is moving earlier than usual and in better condition.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12, 1893.

#### BUFFALO.

WARDWELL, of New York, have established a branch office in the Board of Trade building taking the front occupied by the Wrights since 1883. They will conduct a general brokerage business. This is a solid house and has long been favored with the best trade in

of the route.

Mr. Fred. McMullen has succeeded to the business of Simons & McMullen. For the past 30 years Mr. McMullen has been with S. A. Simons, during cline. the last 8 years as a partner. This firm is widely known for straight forward, honest dealing, and has numbered among its customers several of the business. For the first week top grade might as well be largest millers in Rochester and they had a serious time of it, abolished now for it certainly smaller milling points through- but after election they worked | will in a year or two. out the state. As shippers of grain they have given great satisfaction. Mr. Simons retires on account of ill health. Thirty years ago he was a miller in Oneida County and during his life has witnessed the rise and fall of the buhr stone mill. As judges of grain the members of this firm have been considered among the best in this market and every year found one of its members on the Grain Inspection Committee of the Merchants Exchange.

Canal forwarders undertook to break freights on grain below 5 cents, to make good their losses, but boatmen could not see it in that light and formed a combination against their agents, which for once seems to have been a success. They have made money this season and grown strong but would have made more if the "scalper" had not taken wheat at less than 4¼ cents any time this season. For years the boatowner has been kept in subjection by mortgages held by the forwarders. Now he can pay all claims and is rightly inde-

grain this year at the close of are liable. navigation than ever before. MESSRS. McINTYRE & New York elevators are full and time canal schooner will be canalers expect to be able to seen no more on our lakes. The idly dwindling. Among a big hold their last loads on reach-last storm thinned the ranks of gathering last week the only hold their last loads on reach- last storm thinned the ranks of

ing New York.

The passage of the silver repeal bill broke wheat 3 cents ing ship of the future will be S. S. Brown, Wm. Meadows, M. and stocks tumbled over each the Mary McLachlin, built, I L. Crittenden and E. W. Eames. and stocks tumbled over each the Mary McLachlin, built, I other to get down to bottom believe, by that veteran ship Nine left out of all that grand prices. Traders expected to see architect, Capt. James Davidson. old crowd of real gentlemen prices go higher than the moon | She looks like a vessel of 70,000 traders. Not all of these would Buffalo at the New York end as soon as this bug-bear was out That's where Chiof the way. cago fooled them again, and as usual,gathered in a rich harvest in stocks accounts for their de-

show at Chicago, some attempt ern is equally as good as No. 1

offered at the country mills at ence in price. these prices to supply the de-

mand.

been a great surprise to everybody, except the Home Rule democrats and Mr. George Urban, the leader of the Republican forces in this county. He ers, who have done little or predicted a slaughter, although nothing since he left, wish him his followers were confident back again and damn the ducks. victory would perch on the banners of the faction "wid de been on 'Change in a month barrel." Well, banker Sandrock and, from last reports, is not was snowed under and his fellow banker Charles A Swed pendent.

The blockade at this port last of the Third National, with him.

The blockade at this port last of the Third National, with him.

Sheehan democracy was too cracy, gets here from his big

are dull, weak and at bottom and 26, what an infernal racket It is rumored that if Sandrock they kick up, because the is elected the chaplain expects Rye flour has slid down with ignored elevators refuse to look to be a Park Commissioner. at them. This left one of our There is a heap of fertilizers

> the creek fully a week while from completion although the other vessels were getting quick contract date is a month past dispatch, Canadian craft with due. Sunday and all night wheat from Fort William work did not rush this elevator claimed damage and got it too.
>
> Everybody wants grain in good houses and about all the take a little more time and have room of this kind has been a good job made of it this win- do not exhibit the Yankee gettaken for winter storage. Buf- ter and thereby avoid the usual up-and-get that was necessary falo elevators will have more accidents to which new houses

> > A few years more and the old this craft to the number of ones were George Sandrock, N. seven. The model of the sailcapacity but carries 100,000 bushels of corn easily.

A peculiar feature about this year's crop of spring wheat is, of "suckers." The short interest that No. 1 hard is not worth in stocks accounts for their demore than 1 cent above No. 1 Northern and sales were made All the members of the Ex- at only 14c difference lately. change having seen the great Millers claim that No. 1 Northwas made to settle down to hard formilling purposes. That now exist among the grain

and Buffalo millers took on mouth ago, spring patents were quite a load to last through the selling at \$3.85—\$3.90; to-day winter. Corn was generally \$4.00—\$4.06 is easily obtained, dull and it was most difficult to move the track receipts of new, quiet. The local trade keeps although of excellent quality up its figures to \$5.00 for patent and low price. New corn has spring and \$4.25-\$4.50 for winnever come to this market in ter. A large amount of Michibetter shape than this season, gan and Ohio flours have been being dry as a bone and sound. sent to this market, probably Winter wheat has been dull on commission, but met with and about 2 cents under No. 1 exceedingly slow sale, although Northern for No. 2 red. Millers offered at much lower than would not pay above 64c for No. the regular price. A trial or 2 red and 68 for No. 1 white. two seems to satisfy everybody There is enough state wheat that it is not worth the differ-

Mr. Robert Newell, Buffalo's only real grain broker, is gone Election is over and it has on his annual duck shooting trip. 'Bob' has worked hard and made a success of it; without him there is no life in the business and his many custom-

stance of certain peculiarities in the Buffalo grain business.

Certain receivers will patronize one house all season and snub

much for them.

But the sorest man is the gives the boys a few points how miller with the sunset whiskers. things are going. A. R. James, While disclaiming all interest who is a "bossom" friend of his, all other managers, no matter in politics he adorned his office converted him into a genuine how favorable the conditions wall with a portrait of George Home Ruler on his last trip. reaching Buffalo, in spite of its offered. But when the pinch Sandrock under which he had That is, James thought he did, comes, like that of October 22 inscribed: "Our Next Mayor." and from the small majority have been taken with last years'

given the Republican ticket in Oneida county, it is safe to say that miller Weld did his best to keep his column in line for Tammany.

Mr. John P. Weld is apparently 'as young as he used to be.' Thirty years ago he was the heaviest country buyer on central wharf. The younger generation of traders, now on to keep a miller in trim.

There are very few of the old faces of 30 years ago left on 'Change now and they are rap-C. Simons, Daniel E. Newhall, date back thirty years but they are all of the numerous tribe driven from the dock at the foot of Main street to seek shelter in the new home away up town.

On their own stamping grounds there was no "eights, or sharing of sixteens; no petty jealousies, as I understand trade. A straight cent was charged and paid honestly; no rebates from insurance agents or elevators, no monkey money

whatever.

It will not do to go into details of the superiority of the old style of grain merchants over the young fry but some day I will compare them and also give a history of the grain trade of Buffalo some 50 years ago, when boys were boys and men were men.

New York owners of c. i. f. Duluth wheat raised the devil with this market for a few weeks after canal rates advanced to 51/2 cents. There was plenty of wheat offered here 1/2 to 34 under the Duluth limit during that time and our millers were ready to take advantage of this difference but objected when the stuff was in

port or too close by.

Northwestern corn is again being offered here in fair quantities and it takes the place of the Toledo corn which kept the market very unsettled from July to September. It is about of the same quality and although grading No. 2 or No. 3, appearance is decidedly against it. For all practicable purposes it might be as good but it is noticeable that the Chicago corn takes best at 1c to 2c advance on account of its brightness and larger kernel. Besides these objectionable points, corn from the Northwest is apt to get out of condition, after

crop but it has the same sickly sent to this box whenever con- enough of this school boy arappearance of past years.

Charles H. Gibson is noted for his kindness to those in his employ, since he first started in the grain business, some 40 years ago, and many an example has he taught his fellow members. His way of living is a constant reminder of littly Jimmy Timm's observation, "God bless us every one." He has but to ask a "God bless us every favor and the giving of it is a pleasure. This noble character came out strong a few days ago when the announcement was made of the coming marriage of one of the minor employees of the Exchange.

The regulars on 'Change had been called upon frequently of late to contribute to one thing and another, and had become a little tired of it. Therefore, the paper was put in the hands of Mr. Gibson. In less than two hours he had finished the task and secured enough to set the young man up in house-keep-

ing.

Rochester millers are a queer set if all the reports regarding the way they do business are According to a miller here the miller on the Genesee cares little about the condition of trade. They figure on so much per barrel profit and keep it up on that line, no matter how the financial wind blows. As one Rochester miller put it, to a Buffalo brother: "We don't know what we have made after the flour is sold and care less, but we find at the end of the year that the business has flourished as well as if we had figured it out as carefully as you millers do every day. Life is too short to worry over this milling business. Perhaps the country miller is right and things do even up during the year; but is it not a slipshod method of doing business in this century?"

Mr. Harvey went to the Fair, Mr. Henry staid at home. Tom Ryan's elevator, down the Niagara river, has caused more accidents to vessels unloading there than all the houses in the Buffalo river, combined. How long vessel owners will be foolish enough to take cargoes there will depend upon rate paid. One thing is certain, they cannot afford to deliver grain at that place at the same price charged to Buffalo houses. Shortages are frequent, and, besides canal boats are paid 4c extra to go down to that house. There is more money in the business of that elevator than is apparent on the surface or Ryan will have to quit.

The "Grasshopper," as the floating elevator is called, has done an immense business during the past month. Like Ryan's, however, boatmen demand 4c

rebuilding of the burned Coats- tributing a few hundred for worth elevator have commenced. The site has been It's t cleared off and before the opening of navigation next year a have it on hand. In two months new elevator will be ready for the profits will be worth lookbusiness.

The control of the Lackawanna road by the New York Central system will be a great contral system will be a great convenience to Buffalo shippers.

Three houses on the corely were

Three houses on the corely were Three houses on the creek were Central cars. The Wells, Wilkeson and Bennett will be as mourn on that account.

lision was the most disastrous siderable amount of flour.

J. can not lay claim to belong needs be in the third class.

Buffalo is dead. There is no such place as Buffalo. The great correspondent has been shatline from one of the most imin that paper for three months, and still we live. Like the good

We-are yet alive And still we do rebel, What wondrous, amazing grace That you are not in hell.

the undersigned.

I advise caution.

venient as it did not matter gument and want business in how much Johnny "Cannuck" a milling paper for which they kicked about slow elevation. Active preparations for the scribe and bulldozed into con-

It's time to buy a little wheat ing at. TAURUS.

#### DULUTH.

Three houses on the creek were only Lackawanna houses and breaking records. Whatever now these will be accessible to the causes may be, and there are probably several, there has good as the best elevators on ness, and pronounced activity been a decided spurt in busithe creek. It is a death blow to marks the situation all along the Eric road but nobody will the line. The long delayed action of the Senate in repealing The Albany-Philadelphia col-the purchase provision of the silver statute, has had in some of the season. The Star & measure a stimulating effect on Crescent mills of Chicago, and business generally, and the Crescent mills of Chicago, and business generally, and the Milwaukee millers lost a con-wheat and flour traffic holding very close and sympathetic re-A circular has been issued, lation to the monetary affairs of signed A.J. Wright, announcing the country, is quick to show its that "We" have removed from appreciation of the relief. The appreciation of the relief. The the Board of Trade building to result of the recent State electhe Eric County Bank building, tions was also bullish in its ten-There are but three classes of dency and these two factors, individuals who call themselves coupled with the fact that it "We." Foreigners, editors and was about time to resume busimen with tape-worms. As A, ness anyway, by virtue of general commercial laws, have to the first or second, he must brought about a more healthful tone and hopeful out-look.

In this corner of the country, where more wheat and flour are Northwestern old woman has handled than at any other point same months in 1892 there were killed Buffalo. Sad isn'tit. No in the north-west, the iron busi- received 13,972,000. The commore shall we see Buffalo menness is paramount, and what monly accepted estimate of the tioned in the tea-pot organ; its ever causes bring about a bet- crop shortage this year is 35,correspondent has been shatter condition of things in that the per centage of receipts rectly, the flour and wheat mar- larger than the two preceding United States has been found pretend to see a bugaboo in future tariff legislation, and who receipts will be very large durwere holding off, waiting for ing the remainder of the month. old Methodist hymn, and to get some expression or oracle from It seems to be a case of necesin a bit of "short line," we will some source or other, fancy they give something like it:

some source or other, fancy they sity with the farmers—if they do not sell their wheat at the read in the election returns the do not sell their wheat at the good omen they have been look- low current rates, the sheriff ing for. At any rate fires have will sell it for them at, probably, been rekindled in the furnaces, operations have been resumed man, the implement man and The above little gem is not in the mines and a formidable The above little gem is not in the mines and a formidable every other man who has an written to order nor is it dedi-fleet of mammoth boats from old score or an old note against cated to Loring, Coombs, Marthelowerlakes have been, withtin or Urban, but the documents in the past week or two, crowdto prove that it is about the ing into this port. Money is way Buffalo millers feel toward easier; the scare has practically the Northwestern tea-pot, may subsided; confidence is being be obtained on application to restored, and not only in the iron industry, but in the wheat In pastletters it was predicted and flour business operations that Mr. Urban would hear are attended with more confifrom the Northwestern in a dence and spirit than have obshort time and here you are. tained within the past six There will be more to come but months. The great number of advise caution.

To use a favorite editorial exness at this harbor, during the pression in the Northwestern, closing weeks of the season is, "don't monkey with the buzz contrary to the custom, keeping saw," Fr. Barry and Sh. Sea- freight rates down within reamans can enjoy the weekly fool son, from the shippers' standabove the regular rate to go talk in the Tea-pot but not so point, and this is an extra in-there. Bonded grain has been our Buffalo millers. They have ducement to do business.

The weekly out-put of flour during the past few weeks by the mills at the head of the lakes has been without precedent, and the sales have about equaled the grist. At the first of the month there was a decline in the price of flour of about 10c. per bbl., in sympathy with the slump in wheat, and that, with the lowfreight rates, caused a heavy forward movement. There has been a fair and steady demand since, from both the foreign and domestic trade and the indications are now that the heavy pressure in the out-put and shipments will be kept up until the close of navigation. The demand for mill products,

besides flour, has been strong at advanced prices. Mill-feed has gone up 75c. a ton, bran being active at \$12.75 per ton in 200-th sacks, and red-dog at \$13.75. The mills are grinding almost exclusively on the new crop, which is resulting inmuch better flour than was had from the old wheat. The new wheat is being received by the mills and elevators in large quantities, a greater per cent being shipped to the head of the lakes than for any previous year, and this notwithstanding the short crop and exceedingly low price.

During October there was During October there was received 7,516,000 bus., against 8,326,300 bus. last year, while in 1891, the receipts were 810,000 bus. greater, for the same month. For the first two months of the crop year there have been received here 12,626,000 bus., while for the a slight discount. The lumberthe farmer is forcing collections. Only a snow blockade or severely cold weather will cause a break in the large receipts of wheat here for the next four weeks. Shipments for October were 4,982,000 bus. against 5,-031,000 bus. in October last year. For the crop year to November 1 the shipments aggregated 8,260,000 bus. against 8,685,000 for the corresponding months last year.

The production, receipts and ahipments of flour, and receipts and shipments of grain at the head of the lakes during October as compared with the same month last year, according to the reports of the Duluth Board of Trade are appended:

		RE	CKIPTS.	1893.	1892.
Flour p	roduc	ed Du		103,752	162,77
FI	en colo	ad bb	Sup.		702.34
Wheat,	bus.	16	7	,516,181	8,326,01
Onts,	84	84	*****	1,258	2,19
Rve, Barley	44	84	1000	5,468 200,068	19,00 80,24
Flaxse	ed"	84	*****	142,477	55,40
		SHI	PMENTS	4.	

1,162,097 4,932,000 Oats, "... Rye, "... Barley "... Flaxseed, bus...

Since the first of the month flour has been rushed to the head of the lakes in great quantities from points in this State and from the Dakotas. During the first week the railroads brought 229,578 bbls. against 169,715 bbls. for the previous week, and 111,680 bbls. for the corresponding week last year. It is believed that the receipts of flour will be unusually heavy until the close of navigation. During the first week of the month there were 257,000 bbls. shipped down the lakes, leaving 231,262 bbls. stock in transit.

Wheat, as is the rule throughout the country, continues low. December and May being cheaper at Duluth than was ever recorded before on the Board.

Receipts continue to hold in excellence with the first samples, about 45 per cent grading No. 1 hard, and 47 per cent No. 1 northern. The feature for the past few weeks, aside from the price, has been the duliness in shipments; nor is there any indication that the few remaining weeks of navigation will see much of a movement of wheat down the lakes. Elevators contain about 6,000,000 bushels and will continue to accumulate stock quite rapidly, beginning the season at the close of navigation in about the same condition as last year. The grain in store at the close of the first week in this month was 5,638,480 bus.; Oct. 28: 4,956,174; Nov. 5, '92: 6,251,772 bushels.

The following statement shows the stock of grain in store at Duluth( by grades) on Monday Nov. 13:

No. 1 hard wheat. No. 1 Northern wheat. No. 2 "" No. 3 Spring " No Grade Spring " Rejected and condemned wheat. Special bin wheat.	3,400,385 199,337 16,112 3,886 8,374
Total wheat in store	. 6,795,552
Increase during the week. In store this date last year. Stock of yea now in store. Increase of rye during the week. Stock of barley now in store. Increase of rye during the week. Stock of barley now in store. Increase of barley during the week. Stock of flaxeeed now in store. Stock of flaxeeed now in store. Increase of flaxeed during week. Wheat in store at Minneapolis. Corn in store at Minneapolis. Oats in store at Minneapolis. Flaxeed in store at Minneapolis. Barley in store at Minneapolis.	7,276,866 1,025,114 12,033 1,122 129,376 85,036 85,695 1,516 9,659,179 906,893 5,861 17,872 18,872

as collated by the Duluth Board of Trade for the week ended Satday, Nov. 11, 1893, shows an increase of 2,656,000 bushels as against an increase of 2,846,000 bus, for the corresponding week last year and a decrease of 113.-000 bus, the corresponding week two years ago.

shows a decrease of 254,000 bus. deal better than wheat. as against a decrease of 159,000 raise a splendid crop of barley for the corresponding week last on that soil next year." But all for the corresponding week last on that soil next year. year and an increase of 1,006,000 farmers are not Col. Liggetts. bus. for the corresponding week In this country they generally in 1891.

000 bus. the past week as against mering away on one crop and a decrease of 58,000 bus. for the the fixed idea that they can regcorresponding week last year and an increase of 89,000 bus. for the corresponding week two

years ago.

Another turn has been made Elevator case. The small elevator men of the State do not propose that the State shall build pal newspapers. The newpathatelevator if they can prevent pers started out for Mr. Thompit. They say it would ruin their son's scalp a few months ago, business if the farmers are allowed to ship wheat direct to salary, \$5,000, was paid by the the State Elevator at Duluth. city, which has been cut off by The attorneys which these ob- the Council, and there is nothjectors have employed to bring ing left for Mr. Thompson but on all of the laws' delays in the matter are now at bat. Col. W. man of the Railroad and Warecity a day or two ago, and stated and in his efforts to attract pubthat he had been served with a lic attention to this great quesbrief of the opposing attorneys tion he is on the right track, and admits that it is a strong Whether his efforts have alone. The arguments are that the ways been judiciously directed fund to be derived from inspection fees, (with which the building is to be erected) is intended Chamber of Commerce, and an only for the purpose namedto give the grain a proper in-spection, and not for building and maintaining elevators. It ganized form. No greater quesis further alleged that in a smuch tion is before North-central as the contract price of the elevator is \$183,000 and the amount an unbroken water-way to the in the inspection fund, at the time the injuction was brought, was only \$50,000, a debt would merce founded in every city on have to be contracted by the Commission, which is prohibited by the Constitution. Moreover it is claimed that the Commission has no right to assume that the next legislature will pass an appropriation to cancel such a debt. So it seems that the farmer solons passed a stattutional means for footing the bills.

Duluth promises to be something of a barley shipping port, mill. henceforth. Withinafew weeks a cargo of 69,000 bushels of barley was shipped out of here. O'Neill, of Wabasha, has been in the Red River Valley this fall making a specialty of buying up barley. From now on more of it will be raised in that North-west, with wheat 30 to 40 centsabushel, are coming to the concsion that they must diverthis matter, Col. Liggett said: unanimously adopted: for the week ended Satary, Nov. 11, 1893, shows an increase of 2,846,000 bushels as gainst an increase of 2,846,000 us. for the corresponding week to type are and a decrease of 113, 00 bus. the corresponding week wo years ago.

The visible supply of corn this matter, Col. Liggett said: unanimously adopted:

"While I would not advise farwers to go heavily into of the Duluth, South-shore & Atlantic Railroad Co., in establishing the headquarters of William Orr, the concern Freight Agent, in this city, of this Board, who recognize this important change as another evidence of the friendly feeling of the management of this great line toward the business interests of this city, of storage is bothering the man-

I can 1891. Sow and reap as their fathers Oats shows a decrease of 611,-did—in the old counntry, hamulate the intricate business and financial problems as they present themselves

The Duluth Chamber of Commerce is in the last stages of in the more or less famous State life, all on account of a fight between the secretary, S. Thompson, and the two princito resign, and for the Chamber but to go out of existence. Mr. M. Liggett of St. Paul, chair- Thompson has been known best as the promoter and pusher of house Commission, was in the the deep water way conventions is open to grave doubts. There is a great field here for a like able executive officer and the municipal factor will probably be blown to life again in a reor-America to-day than the one of ports of the world, and there should be a Chamber of Comthe great lakes, having for their purpose the bringing about of that great enterprise.

The Duluth Board of Trade has voted to close its business on Saturdays at 12 noon.

Manager Church of the Imperial Mill has received the diploma awarded Imperial flour at ute to build a State warehouse the World's Fair, and the ribbon without providing any consti-|calling for a medal awarded the exhibit of the Imperial Mill Co. This exhibit, it will be remembered was an old-time water-

Beginning Nov. 1, inst., the general freight.department of the Duluth, South-shore & Atlantic Railroad is to be located in this city, having been moved from Marquette, Mich. This is preliminary, it is said, to the establishment here of the gencountry. The farmers of the eral offices of the road. At a recent meeting of the Board of Trade, Manager Church of the Imperial mill, presented the The visible supply of wheat sify their crops. In speaking of following resolution which was

and of its desire to afford improved facility for the rapidly growing traf-fic between the head of the lakes and the East.

On Monday of this week in the United States Court, Judge Nelson heard arguments in the case of the Inter-state Commerce Commission vs. the Milwaukee, Omaha, Great Northern and the Northwestern Railroads. This is the old case brought by the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce which claims that the corporations named discriminated in freight rates in favor of Duluth. A decision is expected to be handed down in a few days.

Articles of incorporation have been filed in this county of the Zenith Elevator Co. The capital stock is \$50,000, and the incorporators are A. Rockwell, J. D. Ellis, S. C. Bond and B. D. Noxon, of Duluth, and W. C. Bond of Brockway, Pa.

The season which is just closing has not been a profitable one for vessel-owners or agents. Freight rates have been unprecedently low throughout and during the last weeks when they should have gone up, they dropped a notch or two and are closing weak. The fog necesitates delays and long trips at the latter end of the season, but this does not seem to have been taken into account. Wheat at 21/2 cents to Buffalo, and ore at 85 cents to Cleveland, is anything but a satisfactory ending of a poor season, to those whose money is invested in vessel property. The marines expect a rather late freeze-up this fall.

Charles Stoddard, who was at one time baker for the Imperial mill, has opened an office and shop at 640 Garfield avenue, and will engage in the business of flour inspecting and practical test baking. The mills at the head of the lakes will patronize the newestablishment, as it will give reliable and immediate tests of all samples furnished.

The Imperial Mill is now running at its full capacity. before last it turned out 33,785 barrels, and this is now about the regular gait.

DULUTH, Nov. 13. H. F. J.

#### SUPERIOR.

ALL the mills in Superior are now in operation and turning out flour at a rapid rate. The mills in operation last week were the following:

MIII.	Out-put,	Shipped. Bbls.
Freeman	. 11,819	11,819
Grand Republic.	7,000	81
Minkota	3,000	
Lake Superior	16,000	16,000
Anchor	9,000	6,000
Listman	10,000	7/000
Worked	17 961	40.010

ufacturers, and it is understood that arrangements will soon be made to build a large warehouse for the accommodation of the surplus stock. Mill-feed also accumulates faster than it can be disposed of and a stop is occasionally made to clear up the blockade. One mill had on hand at the close of last week 20 car-loads.

Rates to the eastern sea-board remain on a basis of 171/2c. to New York, and the season is so far advanced that there is no probability of a restoration of the old rate of 221/2 cents. The lake-and-all-rail tariff, based on a rate of 171/2c. to New York, is given below, together with the all-rail and across-lake rates. according to the latest schedule

	Lake		
From Superior to	and	All 2	cross
New York	1750	:1724	1853am
Boston	1950	584342	374
Boston. Philadelphia	154	951	991.
Bultimore	111.	911	500
Bultimore . Albany, Troy, Schenectady	101	4940.1	196.45
Syracuse	10	1747	33
Syracuse	Lit	1275	302
Syracuse Rochester, Mount Morris	1312	31	29 31
Corning Buffalo, Erie.	1612	33	31
Bullalo, Erie	1212	2712	251/2
Elmira	1.512	3112	3223
Binghautton, Scrauton	1512	3510	331-
Hornellsville	1530	3331	3115
Elmira	2113-00	3115	3215
Montreal	91114	3715	35%
Montreal	178	12423	314
Chicago	191	1.01	28.5
Detroit New Orleans	1012	16.5	2412
Now Orleans	14.8	41.3	1952
New Orleans		21,3	1111
Reading or Harrisburg Indianapolis	10%	35572	3249
Indianapolis		2012	3042
Peoria		1212	
Omning		23	
Des Mones		$221_{0}$	
Omnha Des Mones Cleveland	12%	2136	19%
CHICIONELL		2216	20%
Toledo		2145	1912
The BT-utt-	CLI	2 L 2	20.3

The Northern Steamship Company issued a circular some time ago announcing the discontinuance of receiving canal and lake shipments on Saturday October 28, rail-and-lake shipments at New York and Philadelphia at close of business on Saturday, November 11. The last shipments will probably leave Buffalo Saturday, November 18, and all freight, it was announced, should be in Buffalo and ready for delivery not later than Friday Nov. 17.
The statement of the ship-

bound freight amounted to 1,-097,189 tons; west bound: 463,-103 tons. Some of the larger items of the freight were as fol- daily report. Flour 1,253,407 bbls.; lows: corn 371,370 bus.; wheat 6,551,-308 hus.; building stone 1,303 tons; copper 9,463 tons; iron ore 541,319 tons; pig iron 4,816 tons; lumber, 111,969,000 feet; silver ore, 520 tons. Among the up-bound freight were 408,-494 tons of coal; 295 bbls. flour; 18,294 bus. of grain; 65,795 tons of manufactured iron.

For October the freight handled in car-load lots amounted to 30,075 cars. Of this number 16,400 were handled in this city and 13,675 at Duluth. Of the cars handled 14,385 were load- the next few days—and there is son she will be a feature be-13,013 with coal and coke.

is a new corporation just or which will add materially to but that has been abandoned.

of the company is one of great interest to the city, for as soon as the canal which this company is to construct is completed, Buffalo and other lower lake ports will be brought 112 miles nearer to Superior. There will not only be this saving of distance, but by using this proposed canal, the tortuous Detroit river and the shoals will be avoided. The begin the canal near the south-easterly corner of Lake St. Clair in Essex and Kent counties, Ontario, and run some 30 odd miles to a point south-east of Point Pelee on lake Erie. The difference between the water levels of the two lakes to be connected is not more than 4 feet, and upon both ing mill in the city. routes surveyed there is no deeper cut than 34 feet. The as times are easing up, for a recompany, it is said, starts out with its capital of \$4,000,000 se-The officers are C. A. president, Duluth; E. Arnit, New York, constructing engineer; and W. Potter of Minneapolis, secretary. Every betterment of the water-ways of of the great lakes is a public improvement, and such companies as this one are hailed with especial satisfaction by the flour and wheat shippers at the head of the lakes. The agitation of the deep water-way to the sea The agitation ought not to be allowed to die.

This city does not propose to allow her Board of Trade to lapse. It has just been reorganized, practically by the election of J. J. Atkinson, secretary, in place of H. A. George, resigned. L. H. Page was elected director in place of Alexander W. Stow, and Albert Ruyter in place of Frank G. Peters, deceased. A commttee has been appointed to procure a fund with which to put the Board on a good footing. An assessment of \$2 a month is ments through the Sault Canal levied on members for current for October shows that the east expenses. Secretary Atkinson their cargoes there were 22,000 will give the duties of his office bushels of wheat and 10,000 barhis personal attention and will rels of flour. continue the publication of a

tugs have gone into winter quarters, leaving a few of the larger ones to complete the season's work. The list of vessels for Carriers' Association, to prepare the remainder of the season is a memorial to Congress for a short one. Less than 75 more more liberal harbor appropriavessels are expected by shippers to arrive. There is practically no rate on wheat to lower McDougall, who is in favor of lake ports and elevator companies are paying a cent to a centand-a-half a bushel more for wheat than are those who wish the grain to ship away. If the situation does not improve in here for the winter. Next seaed with wheat and other grain, but little prospect that it will tween Milwaukee and Chicago. it is probable that a large fleet It was the intention to send her The St. Clair& Lake Erie Ship will winter here and take on down the lakes on a trip or two Canal Construction Company cargoes of wheat for storage, with flour returning, with coal,

laws of Wisconsin. The object the wheat will be ready to go forward so soon as there is an opening in the season of 1894.

Word comes from Fergus Falls to the effect that W. H. Barclay announces that he will shortly let a contract for the erection of the Barclay mill in this city. The new mill, it is said, will be ready to grind early next spring. Mr. Barclay will move to this city. This mill is located on Hughittslip between intention of the company is to the Minkota mill and the Osborne wholesale grocery. The stone foundation for a 1,200-bbl. mill was put in last summer, and operations were suspended on account of the panic. The brands of flour to be made by the Barclay will be: Red River, Orange, Sunshine and Crown Point. This is the eighth flour-

> There is a fair prospect now. newal of activities in the whaleback ship-yards here. Several new boats are under consideration, and as the out-look for next season is very encouraging for a heavy business, not only in flour and wheat, but in ore shipments, the barge company proposes to be in readiness to meet the demand.

H.C. Erwin, representing the Tileston mill at St. Cloud, has been visiting the institutions at the head of the lakes. He reports business in flour milling fairly active, but complains of the shipping facilities to this city. The railroads, he said had been refusing to handle flour on hand at St. Cloud on account of the poor facilities for shipping east by lake. He blamed the railroad companies for not providing better facilities for handling flour here, and was afraid he could not get his stock to the water board in time to take advantage of the low rates east.

During October there were 265 arrivals and clearances at this port. There were seven foreign clearances, and among

At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce a few days ago a Nearly a dozen of the Inman committee was appointed to meet with other committees, to be named by the Council and Duluth bodies and the Lake tions. This action was taken in conformity to the views of Capt, making this one of the finest harbors on the lakes. The business will warrant it.

The big whale-back, Christopher Columbus has returned

the great merit of the whalebacks, either as passenger or freight vessels. The Columbus earned a barrel of money for the Henry Syndicate at the fair. A few days since two whalebacks, the Pathfinder and Sagamore, took out 200,000 bushels of wheat. The barge was loaded in one hour and fifty-three minutes, carrying 100,000 bushels of wheat. But one accident to a cargo in these boats has been reported this season. steamer Jas. B. Colgate wet about 3,000 bushels of wheat in a recent trip to Buffalo, in a gale which overtook her between Otter and Manitou islands. Her cargo shifted, giving the boat such a list that the sailors had to walk on the outside of the rail, and water could be dipped out of the lake from the after turret door. Improper loading is given as the cause of the mishap.

Owing to the prevalence of wheat-stealing from cars at the head of the lakes, wheat shippers, grain-dealers and rail-roads have joined in a request to the Warehouse Commission to take steps to prevent it. Hereafter the inspectors will be provided with seals and will seal all the cars after inspect-

The past week was the banner week in the flour making business at the head of the lakes. The mills all running turned out 88,010 barrels of flour, or 7,000 more than the week previous. There was of this local flour 71,765 barrels shipped and 60,361 stored. The railway receipts from interior points were likewise very large being 231,947 barrels. against 227,528 the week previous. The shipments last week were, of the flour in transit, 229,771 bbls. as against 160,910 bbls. for the first week in the month. The various railroads held in store, on Monday Nov. 13th, 296,808 as against 296,629 the week previous. E. T. D.

SUPERIOR, NOV. 13.

#### LONDON.

THE month of November finds THE month of Proventing a much better condition than it was thought possible three months ago, and they have succeeded in making good use of the past magnificent autumn season, so that a good start has been made with the wheat crop for next year's harvest. Millers throughout the country have not done so badly during the past six months, but American flour prices have now dropped to the lowest level they ever have been at and it is causing the millers here a good deal of uneasiness, as bakers here are inclined to huy a larger quantity of the foreign manufactured article unless the British millers reis a new corporation just or which will add materially to but that has been abandoned. duce the level of their prices ganized in this city under the the elevator capacity. And then, There is no longer any doubt of as well. The government has

recently issued the "Trade Returns" for the first month of the cereal year, and during that when requested by their cus- was private, in token of respect month (September), it will be to the extra trouble to the memory that will long found from the table below that and expense is considered live in the hearts of the citizens the imports of wheat and flour. reckoned together, are about the same as during the same month of the two previous Contracts and Arbitration," and years:

IMPORTS OF WHEAT, FLOUR AND OTHER GRAIN IN SEPTEMBER.

Wheatqrs. Flour, as wheat, " Barley"	1893. 1,318,499 772,607 791,663 386,506	1892, 1,474,312 602,350 640,188 466,138	1891, 1,598,568 456 717 541,004 468,032
Peas" Beans" Maize	33,504	31,737	20,764
	70,632	131,119	100,468
	583,979	893,845	381,957

The amount of American flour stored in the different warehouses at the importing points throughout the United Kingdom is so large that it tering the time of electing the greatly depresses the value of president, in order that that the foreign wheat on the different markets, and by that means allows a sufficient margin be-tween the value of the British millers' raw material and his flour, for the Britisher to net a good profit in the process of converting this foreign wheat into flour. The flour buyers have been very passive during the month of October and in full knowledge of the fact that whilst the quantity on passage is large, stocks in hand instead of equalling one month's wants about double them. The result of this is that to-day spot flour is cheaper than forward, although standholders are inclined, now they have got to the lowest level of values, to force price supward. The price of Town households is 21s. 6d. per sack of 280 lbs. and Town whites 24s. 6d., while country made flour ranges from 19s. to 24s. per sack of 280 fbs. The prices quoted yesterday for American brands of flour on Mark Lane were: Pillsbury's Best, 24s, 6d.; Washburn's Gold Medal, 24s. 9d.; Christian's Superlative, 22s.; Indiana Patent, 22s.; Manegold's Patent, 22s.; Daisy Mills, 22s. 6d.; Sanderson's Best, 22s. 9d.; Sanderson's Arcade, 15s. 9d. and the Lily of Killarney 22s.

Yesterday a meeting of the National Association of British and Irish Millers was held at the Cameron Street Hotel, London, to consider several important matters connected with the milling trade in this country. On the question of the weight of a sack of flour being made 140 the, instead of 280 lbs., as requested by the National Association of Master Bakers, a long discussion issued, and in the end a resolution was passed agreeing to supply flour in sacks of 140 the, when the buyer requested it to be done at the time of buying. In other words the millers will not consent to make the 140 lb. bag the customary way to deliver flour or pass a resolution as requested by the Mas-

when the bargain is made. of Belfast. Another important matter that was considered was the "Grain after a lively discussion, it was resolved that the present unfair system must be altered, and a committee was formed to draw up a scheme to bring about a better state of things. The stuffs exported from all Amerirating of machinery was also considered by the meeting, and it was decided that steps should be taken to help pass the present bill through Parliament. A resolution was also passed algentlemen should have ample time to make every arrangement each year for the convention. Tomorrow will be opened the first annual International Bakers' and Confectioners' Exhibition at the Royal Agricultural Hall, Islington, London, N., which, judging by the details before the public, should be comprehensive and interesting. One of the features of the show will be the competitions in the production of bread, in breadmaking and small goods, for which awards will be given. In decrease of nearly 23 per cent. this connection we notice that the Ancient and Worshipful Company of Bakers of London, offer a gold medal for the best "family bread," a silver medal the for best "ready money bread" and various other prizes. Besides the awards and prizes to be given in the various competitions arranged for confectioners, there will be competition for counter goods, hand and machine biscuits, and lectures on matters relative to the baking trade will be also given.

This month has been a fatal one for millers, for we hear of a number of deaths amongst prominent members of the trade. Amongst them we notice two well-known men whose names were a synonym throughout the United Kingdom for rectitude and honor. Mr. W. Comerford, of the firm of Mesars. I. R. Comerford & Sons, of Rathdrum, and a well-known patentee of milling machinery. Mr. Comerford was well-known amongst those who attended the milling conventions, he having, in 1886, on the millers visiting Rathdrum, met them and entertained them at his house and since that time he had always taken great interest in these annual gatherings. other gentleman, Mr. Edward Hughes, who died at Liverpool on the 3d of October, was not only a miller but a large baker credit not to be found at any at Belfast and at the funeral of this gentleman, which took place at Belfast on the 6th ult., capable of founding and suc-

willing to supply flour in pack- route traversed by the proceswilling to supply flour in pack- route traversed by the procesages of any desired weight sion, although the interment AMCIGAN SICAN BAUGE CO. DRESSER.

LONDON, Nov. 2. 1892.

#### **EXPORT OF BREADSTUFFS FOR** OCTOBER.

The following, from the statement of the U.S. Bureau of Statistics, shows the amount and value of domestic breadcan ports during the month of October, 1893, as compared with same month, 1892:

	180	3.	186	92.
1	Bush.	Value.	Bush.	Value.
Barley. Cora Oats Rye Wheat.	307,617 3,735,132 673,408 8,000 6,963,656	156,629 1,776,265 231,979 4,240 4,702,366	49,178 4,574,404 138,588 209,165 12,740,064	25,240 2,573,158 51,380 141,187 10,053,708
Total.	11,587,813	6,871,479	17,711,390	12,844,682

In addition to above, the following were exported during the month of October, 1893: Corn meal, 25,122 bbls., value \$65,877; Oat meal, 730,049 lbs., value \$21,326; Wheat flour, 1,-456,936 bbls., value \$6,052,962. For the ten months ending October 31, 1893 and 1892, the total valuation of exported breadstuffs was \$160,525,632 and \$208,013,589, respectively. A

#### SUGGESTED "SUPREMACY" CROWN FOR CHICAGO.

In its issue for Oct. 30, The Milling World, of Buffalo, N Y., trumpets to the public some strong praise of Chicago as a point suitable for establishing industries on a grand scale. Says our contemporary:

"Suppose Chicago, with her hustle, capital and unsquelchable enterprise, were to take hold of milling, what would be the prospect of ing, what would be the prospect of Minneapolis for holding the "Supremacy" crown as a milling town? Of course there are some things in favor of Minneapolis that could not be secured for Chicago, but what Chicago lacks in those essentials she would make up in others. What she has done with the meat and lumber interests and would problumber interests, she would probably be able to do with milling."

Here is a suggestion entitled to the serious consideration of Chicago capitalists, who are accustomed to handle undertakings of magnitude. If this city possesses overmastering advantages for milling-peculiar superiorities or adaptabilities of location; unique facilities for transportation by either water or rail; an atmosphere charged with ozone, quickening alike to the mental faculties and to the physical powers, whereby the Chicago citizens have become a symbol of sagacity, alertness, energetic action and achievement; resources of money and center of population west of New York; many brainy men ter Bakers' Association not to according to the rites of the cessfully conducting business not be wise to give the cosell, to any baker, flour in 280 fb. Catholic Church, fully 20,000 which requires the highest exsacks, but they, the millers, are persons gathered along the ecutive ability and is distribu- Industrial World.

Sole Manufacturers .

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